



About the House



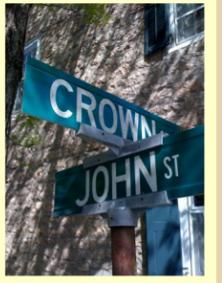
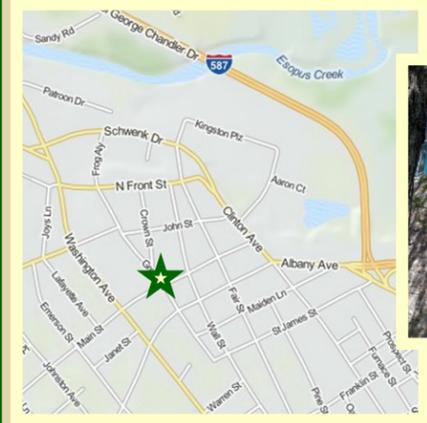
The Matthewis Persen House is one of Ulster County's oldest, most significant buildings. Named after its longest residing owner, Matthewis Persen (1739-1810), the House is located within Kingston's Stockade National Historic District. Its earliest portions date from c. 1661 and it is one of four landmark buildings on each corner of John and Crown Streets. Each house at this intersection pre-dates the Revolutionary War.

The Persen House has been the home of doctors, tailors, innkeepers, druggists, grocers, and Ulster County government. It was burned at least twice, saw wars and revolution, and survived to tell its tale. To walk through this remarkable building, is to walk through Ulster County's rich local history!

Restoration of the Persen house began in 1999. During the restoration, the historic significance of the structure was uncovered. The house has been left unfinished to highlight the architectural significance of the different phases.

The Persen House functions as Ulster County's Heritage Gateway. Cultural Heritage Groups from throughout the county Guest Host at the House and share their treasure troves of history & culture with visitors. We look forward to a fun and educational season!

74 John Street
Kingston, New York 12401



Conveniently located minutes from the NYS Thruway on the corner of John & Crown Streets in uptown Kingston's Stockade National Historic District.

Parking: Metered parking lots and on-street parking are available throughout uptown Kingston. The Ulster County Courthouse on Wall Street and the Ulster County Office Building on the corner of Main & Fair Streets both offer free weekend parking. There is also free parking at the Kingston Plaza every day, less than a half mile walk from the house.

Group Tours & Field Trips

The Persen House welcomes group tours and school field trips! Tours can be tailored to your group's interests or curriculum. Topics we have covered in the past include colonial life, architecture, archaeology, local history, Dutch heritage, and the Revolutionary War.

Please contact us at (845) 340-3415 or archives@co.ulster.ny.us to schedule a field trip or special group tour!

Matthewis Persen House Museum & Cultural Heritage Center

74 John Street, Kingston, NY

Keeping Ulster County's
History Alive!



2022

October Schedule & Special Events

Presented by the
Ulster County Clerk's Office

clerk.ulstercountyny.gov/archives/persen-house



2022 Hours of Operation

May 28 – September 3:

Thursdays & Fridays 9:00 am to 4:30 pm
& Saturdays 10:00 am to 4:00 pm

September 10—October 29:

Saturdays Only 11:00 am to 3:00 pm
or by appointment

Guest Host Presentations & Events in October

Open Saturdays 11:00 am to 3:00 pm

Saturday, October 1, 15, 22 & 29, 11:00 am—3:00 pm

Theatre on the Road Presents Historical Figures of the Persen House



Meet Matthewis Persen and Governor George Clinton! Both men will be there to talk about their lives during the Revolution, the roles they played, and the aftermath of the burning of Kingston by British forces. Was Matthewis Persen's tavern a hub for likeminded patriots? How did George Clinton balance being Governor and serving in the Continental Army? Interact with these historical figures and get a feel for what life was really like during the Revolutionary War. Monologues will be every hour on the hour starting at 11:00 am with the final at 2:00 pm.



Saturday, October 8, 11:00 am—3:00 pm

A Recognition of Indigenous Peoples Day Presented by Save Native Sites

In recognition of Indigenous Peoples day, Save Native Sites is presenting a series of talks on the life and culture of the area's first inhabitants. At 11:00am, Evan Pritchard will give a PowerPoint lecture, "Westward Migrations; Esopus-Munsee on the Susquehanna". Evan is a historian, writer, lecturer, musician and author of numerous books & publications.



Evan Pritchard



Doc Morgan
James Estrin/The New York Times

Doc "Mud Turtle" Morgan will be our featured speaker and teacher at 1:00pm. As an elder, he will tell his story about growing up in Mahwah, N.J., on ancestral lands of the Ramapough/Lenape people. As a child, he and his family lived largely on and from the land, but over the decades, he witnessed changes that "development" brought to the Ramapo mountains and the Ramapo River. We will gather in a circle to hear these stories of a life lived and wisdom gained over four generations in the Ramapo Mountains by Doc "Mud Turtle" Morgan.

This event is part of New York State's *PATH THROUGH HISTORY* weekend. Path Through History Weekends are a showcase of New York State's rich and fascinating history and will feature hundreds of events happening at historic and cultural destinations throughout the state. Visit paththroughhistory.iloveny.com for more information.



Exhibits

Gysbert's Inventory: A Reflection of 1665 Dutch Life

All Season



The legacy of the Dutch settlers of Wiltwyck lives on at the Matthew Persen House. The house was originally owned by Gysbert Van Imbroch, a barber-surgeon. An inventory listing Gysbert's possessions at the time of his death in 1665 is brought to life through illustrations of clothing, kitchen items, medical supplies, books and other articles used in 17th century daily life. Step back in time with *Gysbert's Inventory*. This exhibit was made possible through a grant awarded to the Ulster County Clerk's Office from the New York State Archives.

History At Your Fingertips

All Season

Enjoy a new experience at the Persen House in 2022! Visitors can see and touch high-quality reproductions of items found in Gysbert Van Imbroch's 1665 inventory. What does a powder horn actually look like? What is a cravat and how is used? Answer these questions and more in this first installment of "History At Your Fingertips" at the Matthew Persen House this season. Stay tuned for further additions of artifact displays and period clothing throughout the house!



A Perpetual Memory: Artifacts of the Native Americans and Dutch Settlers

All Season

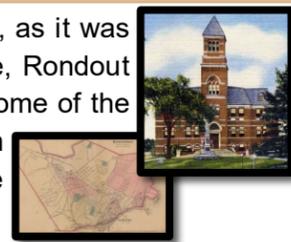


In 1665, English Governor Richard Nicolls along with the Esopus sachems (chiefs) signed a treaty to help establish an everlasting peace between the two cultures. The Richard Nicolls Treaty stated that the natives and settlers "engage to come once every year and bring some of their young people...that it may be kept in perpetual memory." In commemorating this document, and to continue the tradition of keeping the treaty in perpetual memory, this exhibit presents artifacts from both the native and European settlers of the area. Many of the Native American artifacts in this exhibit are being shown for the first time in public.

Better Together Exhibit Sampler: Celebrating the City of Kingston's 150th Anniversary

All Season

How does a rural farming village become a city? Settled by Europeans in the 1650s, the Village of Kingston (or Wiltwyck, as it was known) was a successful and prominent farming village from its time of settlement to the Revolutionary War. Meanwhile, Rondout was a small agrarian village which functioned mainly as a port of entry to get to Kingston. This exhibit aims to illustrate some of the major changes that took place in both villages from the 1650's up to their merger in 1872. We hope that this sampling from the larger exhibit gives the viewer a better idea of how and why Kingston became a city, as well as showing some of the benefits that joining together to solve problems collaboratively can have.



Earthday Everyday Eco-Collage Mural

All Season



Local photographer and eco workshop facilitator Star Nigro has developed a traveling, mural project with help from the talented youth of Cornell Cooperative Extension of Ulster County's RAPP (Relatives As Parents) 4-H program. The participating artists created the mural concept, and a quote to represent their gift to the community; "No matter our differences, we always have something in common." ***Earthday Everyday*** was created using everyday objects and recycled materials. Each artist was given a panel made of recycled pallet wood to decorate in their own style. When placed together, the individual panels create a unified image. ***Earthday Everyday*** won first place at the Ulster County Fair, along with a ribbon for outstanding exhibit at the New York State Fair in Syracuse.

Daily Dutch: Exploring Dutch Life through the Records

October

Daily Dutch examines aspects of Dutch life in Wiltwyck in the 1660s. Learn about Dutch homes, leisure activities, local farming, currency and trading, household goods, and more. The exhibit features records from the Dutch Colonial Records Collection and images of artifacts found during an archaeological excavation at the Persen House.



Four Corners Historic Marker



This Historic Marker was made possible through a grant from the William G. Pomeroy Foundation® awarded to the Ulster County Clerk's Office. The grant provided funding for the manufacturing of an historic marker which is placed at the "Four Corners" intersection. Each stone house at the intersection of Crown and John Streets pre-dates the Revolutionary War. The County Clerk's Archives provided primary source documents for each stone house verifying their origins were prior to the Revolutionary War. The historic houses at this intersection are the Matthew Persen House built in 1661, the Kingston Academy built pre-1773, the Dr. Matthew Jansen House built circa 1663, and the Franz Roggen House built pre-1767.

Kingston Stockade National Historic District

The **Kingston Stockade National Historic District** is an eight-block area in the western section of Kingston, New York, commonly referred to as **Uptown Kingston**. It is the original site of the mid-17th century Dutch settlement of Wiltwyck, which was later renamed Kingston when it passed to English control.

It is the only one of three original Dutch settlements in New York surrounded by stockades where the outline of the stockade is still evident due to the raised ground. Within the area are many historic buildings from the 17th, 18th and 19th centuries, including the Ulster County Courthouse, the Senate House where the state of New York was established in 1777, and the Old Dutch Church, a National Historic Landmark. Some survived the Burning of Kingston by British forces during the Revolutionary War. The intersection of Crown and John streets has Colonial-era Dutch stone houses on all four corners, all of which pre-date the Revolutionary War.

From its founding in the mid-17th century to the creation of the modern city of Kingston in 1872, the history of the Stockade District is the history of Kingston. Most of its older buildings were restored and rebuilt in the years after the 1777 burning of the village by the British, and its historic character has been made diverse as significant buildings were erected throughout the 19th century.

The final layout of the original Stockade is shown in the Miller Map (right), which can be found in Volume 13 of *Documents Relative to Colonial History of the State of New York*. The map was designed by an Anglican Priest named John Miller in 1695. On his way back to England, Miller was captured by French Privateers, but managed to throw his notes overboard. After being paroled from the French, he returned to England and recreated the map from memory.

